Year I Writing Assessment

Planning and Writing		
Writes sentences by saying out loud what they are going to write		
When planning narrative writing, decides where stories are set, includes good and bad characters		
and uses ideas from reading for some incidents and events		
Begins to plan and then write stories with a simple structure: beginning-middle-end		
Conveys information and ideas in simple non-narrative forms such as simple lists for		
planning or reminding		
Assembles information on a subject for example pets, food		
Writes sentences by composing a sentence orally before writing it; transcribes these, a key		
phrase at a time, maintaining the sense most of the time		
Writes stories by sequencing sentences to form short narrative		
Re-tells/imitates familiar stories and recounts events; includes main events in sequence, focusing on		
who is in the event, where the event takes place and what happens in each event		
Begins to use story language and sentence patterns (one day, suddenly, in the end)		
Lists words and phrases to describe details of first hand experiences using senses		
Writes simple non-fiction texts types linked to topics of interest		
Make some appropriate choices of vocabulary (tall trees)		
Use simple features correctly (greeting in a letter, numbers in a list)		
Evaluating and Editing		
Discusses what they have written with the teacher or other children		
Writes sentences by re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense and		
attempts to edit for sense		
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Punctuation		
Leaves spaces between words		
Begins to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and full stop		
Begins to punctuate sentences using a question mark or exclamation mark		
Uses capital letters for names and the personal pronoun I		
Uses a capital letter for names of places and days of the week		
Grammar + Sentence Structure		
Knows how words can combine to make sentences		
Joins words and clauses using and Uses because to provide reasoning		
Understand and uses the grammatical terminology appropriate to Year I YI – letter, capital letter, word, singular plural, sentence, punctuation, full stop, question		
mark, exclamation mark		
Uses past and present correctly in speech and begins to incorporate these in written work		
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Cohesive Devices		
Uses time words to aid sequencing and organise events (first, then, next, finally)		
Sequences sentences to form short narratives		
Sequences sentences to form simple non-fiction texts		
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Word Level and Spelling		
Uses regular plural noun suffixes -s or -es (dog/dogs, wish/wishes		
Use suffixes that can be added to verbs where no change is needed in the spelling of the		
root word (helping, helped, helper)		
Use suffixes where no change is needed to the root word -ing, -ed, -er and -est		

(holping holped holper enting guidker guidkert)	
(helping, helped, helper, eating, quicker, quickest)	 _
Understands how the prefix –un changes the meaning of verbs and adjectives (
kind/unkind, tie/untie)	
Spell words containing each of the 40+ phonemes	
Name the letters of the alphabet in order	
Use letter names to distinguish between alternative spellings of the same sound	
Spell the days of the week	
Spell common exception words	
Divide words into syllables	
Spell some compound words	
Apply simple spelling rules listed in Appendix I	
Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the	
GPCS and common exception words taught so far	igspace
Handwriting	
Sits correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly	
Leaves spaces between words	
Forms capital letters	
Forms digits 0-9	
Begins to form lower-case letters in correct direction, starting and finishing in the correct	
place	
Understand which letters belong to which handwriting 'families' and practise these	
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Makes distinctions in most writing between ascenders and descenders Clearly distinguishes between similar looking letters (h/n a/g r/n)	